		CBCS SCHEME					
USN			18EE33				
		Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination	n, Jan./Feb. 2023				
		Transformers and Gener	ators				
Tim	ne ^{, c}	hrs.	Max. Marks: 100				
		te: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full of					
		Module-1					
1	a.	Draw and explain the full load phasor diagrams of sing leading and unity power factor loads.	le phase transformer for lagging, (08 Marks)				
	b.	Develop an exact equivalent circuit diagrams of a sing					
		primary side indicating all the parameters.	(06 Marks)				
	c.	A 4 KVA, 200/400V, single phase transformer has the foll O.C Test : 200V, 0.7A, 65W	owing OC/SC test results.				
	S.C Test : 15V, 10A, 75W						
		Determine : i) Full load efficiency at UPF ii) Voltage regulation at 0.8 pf lagging.	(06 Marks)				
			(50				
2	0	OR Explain with the help of connection and phasor diagrams,	how scott connections are used to				
4	a.	obtain two phase supply from three–phase supply mains.	(08 Marks)				
	b.	With the help of a neat circuit diagram and phasor dia					
		3-phase delta-star transformer.	(06 Marks)				
	c.	A balanced 3-phase load of 150 KW at 1000V, 0.866 lagg 2000V, 3-phase mains through single phase transformers connection. Find the current in the windings of each transf	connected in delta-delta and V-V				
		Module-2	Carlo Carlo				
3	a.	Derive an expression for the currents and load shared be parallel supplying a common load, when no load voltage diagram.					
	b.	Analyze the performance of transformers by conducting S diagram.					
	с.	Two single phase transformers rated at 250KVA each are Impedances of transformers are $(1 + j6)\Omega$ and $(1.2 + j6)\Omega$	4.8) Ω respectively. Find the load				
shared by each when the total load is 500KVA at 0.8 pf lagging. (04 Marks)							
		OR					
4	a.	What is an auto transformer? Derive an expression for sar compared to two windings transformer also write its applic					
	b.	With the help of neat sketches, explain the working ON 1	oad tap changer and OFF load tap				
		changer.	(10 Marks)				
		Module-3					
5	a.	What is Communication? With a neat diagram, explain the	-				
	b.	machines. How stabilization is achieved due to tertiary winding.	(08 Marks) (06 Marks)				
	с.	A 6 pole generator has wave connected armature having					
		current at full load and the brush load is 12 degrees. Find	the number of demagnetizing and				
		crossing magnetizing amphere – turns per pole.	(06 Marks)				
		1 of 2					

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- a. Derive EMF equation of synchronous generator and give the expression for pitch factor and 6 (06 Marks) distribution factor.
 - b. With necessary diagrams, explain armature reaction in alternator for lagging, leading ad (08 Marks) unity power factors.
 - c. A 4 pole, 50Hz, star connected alternator has 6 slots per pole per phase and a two layer winding with 4 conductors per slot. If the coil span is 150°, calculate the value of induced (06 Marks) phase and line voltages if the flux per pole is 300mwb.

Module-4

- Enumerate the various methods available for determining the voltage regulation. Explain in 7 a. details EMF and MMF methods. (12 Marks) (04 Marks)
 - Discuss about short circuit ration and its significance. b.
 - c. Compare synchronous impedance method and ampere turns method of predetermining of (04 Marks) regulation.

OR

- Explain ZPF method of predetermination of voltage regulation of alternator. Mention the 8 a. (08 Marks) advantage of this method.
 - The following test results are obtained on a 6600V alternator. b.

Open circuit voltage	3100	5000 6600	7500	8300
Field current in Amps	16	25 37.5	50	70

A field current of 20A is found necessary to circulate full load current on short circuit of the armature. Determine the full load regulation at 0.8pf lagging by using :

i) EMF method

ii) Ampere - Turn method.

Module-5

- Discuss the concept of two reaction theory in a salient pole synchronous machine with the 9 a. (08 Marks) help of phasor diagram.
 - b. What are the conditions for proper synchronization of an alternator? Explain with the help of (06 Marks) a neat sketch, synchroscope method of synchronization.
 - A 500V, 50HZ, delta connected synchronous generator has $X_d = 0.2\Omega$ and $X_q = 0.075\Omega$ per phase. The armature resistance is neglected. The alternator is supplying 1100A at 0.8pf lagging. Calculate the :
 - Emf neglecting saliency and assuming $X_S = X_d$ i)
 - ii) Emf considering saliency.

(06 Marks)

OR

- With a neat circuit diagram, explain the slip test on salient pole synchronous machine to 10 a. (08 Marks) determine X_d and X_q form the slip test.
 - b. Write short notes on capability curves of a synchronous generator. (06 Marks)
 - c. Discuss about hunting in synchronous machines. Also explain the role of damper windings.

(06 Marks)

(12 Marks)